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APPLICATION NO.	PPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/621,760 07/17/2003		7/17/2003	David L. Lewis	Mirus.030.09.2	9319	
25032	7590	09/19/2006		EXAMINER		
MIRUS CO			POPA, ILEANA			
505 SOUTH ROSA RD MADISON, WI 53719				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,				1633		
				DATE MAILED: 09/19/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)				
	065	10/621,760	)	LEWIS ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		lleana Popa		1633	¥			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	opears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	Idress			
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Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05.	Julv 2006.			:			
,	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This		:					
,	Since this application is in condition for allowa			secution as to the	: e merits is			
٠,۵	closed in accordance with the practice under							
	·	,						
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🛛	4) Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 5-9</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)[	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 5-9</u> is/are rejected.							
7)⊠	Claim(s) 6-9 is/are objected to.			•	·			
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election re	quirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>17 July 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre				FR 1.121(d).			
11)⊠	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. No	te the attached Office	Action or form P	ΓO-152.			
•	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119				i			
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documer			-(d) or (f).				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documer	nts have beer	received in Applicati	on No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Bure			ed in this National	Stage			
* <	See the attached detailed Office action for a list			ed.	•			
		:						
Attachmen	t(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)								
3) Infor	te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in the prior Office Action.

2. Claim 4 has been cancelled. Claim 1 has been amended to recite delivery *in vitro*. No new matter was introduced by this amendment.

Claims 1-3 and 5-9 are pending and under examination.

#### Oath/Declaration

3. The oath or declaration is defective. A new oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.67(a) identifying this application by application number and filing date is required. See MPEP §§ 602.01 and 602.02.

The oath or declaration is defective because the application number and the filing date are missing.

# Claim Objections

4. Claims 6-9 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improperly dependent on claim 6. Amending the claims such as to recite "the process of claim 5" would obviate this objection.

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# Response to Arguments

#### Double Patenting

5. The rejection of claims 1-3 and 5-9 on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 5-7, and 13-17 of the copending Application No. 10/157,657 and over claims 1, 2, 4, 5, and 11 of the copending Application No. 10/345,021 is withdrawn in response to Applicant's arguments filed on 07/05/2006.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The rejection of claims 1-3, 7 and 8 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wolf et al. (US Patent 5,744,335) in view of Wolfert et al. (Bioconjugate Chem, 1999, 10: 993-1004) is withdrawn in response to Applicant's amendment to claim 1, filed on 07/05/2006.
- 7. Claims 5, 6, and 9 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wolf et al. (US Patent 5,744,335) in view of Wolfert et al. (Bioconjugate Chem, 1999, 10: 993-1004) for the reasons of record set forth in the previous Office Action.

  Applicant's arguments filed 07/05/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants traversed the instant rejection on the grounds that the amendment to claim 1 overcomes the rejection. Additionally, Applicants argue that one of skill in the art would not have been motivated to combine the teachings of Wolff et al. with those of

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Wolfert et al. for the following reasons: (i) Wolff et al. clearly teach differences between polycationic DNA-binding proteins (i.e., histones) and other types of polycationic polymers and accordingly, they teach only the use of histones to form efficient transfection complexes, and (ii) Wofert et al. teach that polyvinylamine by itself has limited *in vitro* transfection ability. For these reasons, Applicants request the withdrawal of the rejection.

Contrary to Applicants assertion, the amendment to claim 1 does not overcome the rejection of claims 5, 6, and 9 because they are drawn to a cell *in vivo* and therefore, the rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) still applies to these claims (see the previous Office Action). It is noted that claims 5 and 9 do not specifically disclosed that the animal cell is *in vitro*. Regarding the Wolff et al., the reference clearly teaches that polylysine, also efficient as a transfection agent, has disadvantages over histone because it induces anaphylactic shock and it is immunogenic. Wolff et al. do not teach that polyvinylamine is not effective as a transfection agent when used in combination with the amphipatic compound or that polyvinylamine has disadvantages as a transfection agent. Therefore, one of skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teachings of Wolff et al. with those of Wolfert et al. to obtain small and stable complexes for *in vivo* delivery (see the prior Office Action).

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#### **New Rejections**

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 1-3 and 5-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wolf et al., in view of Meier et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,616,946).

Wolf et al. teach process of delivering a polynucleotide into a cell (i.e., the cell can be *in vivo*, *in vitro*, *ex vivo* or the cell is a mammalian cell), by delivering to the cell a composition comprising an amphipatic compound, a histone, and a selected polynucleic acid, wherein the polynucleic acid can be RNA in the form of oligonucleotide (i.e., the RNA can be siRNA) (Summary of the invention, column 7, lines 17-20). The amphipatic compound is a 1,4 disubstituted piperazine, wherein the substituting groups are C6 to C24 alkenes (column 2, lines 40-52). Wolf et al. do not teach polyvinylamine. Meier et al. teach delivery particles formed from a pH-sensitive polymer such as polyvinylamine for the encapsulation and release of diverse agents under extremely mild conditions, wherein the agents could be a nucleic acid molecule (column 2, lines 4-10, column 6, lines 5-11, column 15, lines 22-25. It would have been obvious to one of skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to for the deliverable composition of Wolf et al. by

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the time the invention was made.

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using polyvinylamine to obtain particles for the controlled delivery of siRNA, with a reasonable expectation of success. The motivation to do so is provided by Meier et al., who teach particles made from polyvinylamine as useful for the controlled delivery the active agent in response to a stimulus supplied at the point of the desired delivery (column 2, lines 29-42). One of skill in the art would have been expected to have a reasonable expectation of success in making and using such a composition because the art teaches that ternary complexes between nucleic acids, amphipatic molecules and polycations can be obtained and successfully used to transfer nucleic acids into cells both *in vivo* and *in vitro*. Thus, the claimed invention was *prima facie* obvious at

#### Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ileana Popa whose telephone number is 571-272-5546. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 am-5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dave Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-0731. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Ileana Popa, PhD

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